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1900 EAST NII CLEVELAND,	·=		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			2157			
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

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Office Action Summary		Application No.		Applicant(s)		
		10/718,199		CHRYSANTHAKOPOULOS ET AL.		
		Examiner		Art Unit		
		HUSSEIN A.	EL CHANTI	2157		
The MAILING DATE of thi Period for Reply	s communication ap	opears on the c	over sheet with the o	correspondence ac	ldress	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY IN WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM Extensions of time may be available under after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date. If NO period for reply is specified above, the Failure to reply within the set or extended in Any reply received by the Office later than earned patent term adjustment. See 37 Cl	DM THE MAILING I the provisions of 37 CFR 1 te of this communication. e maximum statutory period period for reply will, by statul three months after the maili	DATE OF THIS .136(a). In no event, d will apply and will e te, cause the applica	COMMUNICATION however, may a reply be tin kpire SIX (6) MONTHS from tion to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this c D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status						
Responsive to communication is FINAL. 3) Since this application is in closed in accordance with	2b)☐ Thi condition for allowa	is action is nor ance except fo	r formal matters, pro		e merits is	
Disposition of Claims						
4)	is/are withdrawed. s/are rejected. ected to.	awn from cons				
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected 10) The drawing(s) filed on Applicant may not request the Replacement drawing sheet(11) The oath or declaration is	is/are: a)☐ ac at any objection to the s) including the corre	ccepted or b) e drawing(s) be ction is required	neld in abeyance. See if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 C	, ,	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawi 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (I Paper No(s)/Mail Date	ng Review (PTO-948)	4 5 6	=	ate		

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This action is amendment received on May 21, 2008. Claims 1, 9, 19, 27 and 35 were amended. Claims 14-15 were canceled. Claims 1-13 and 16-40 are pending examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

2. Claims 16-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 16-18 depend from claim 14 which is a canceled claim. Examiner assumes that claims 16-18 depend from claim 9.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

3. Claims 1-8 and 27-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Combs et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,766,348 (referred to hereafter as Combs).

As to claim 1, Combs teaches a computer system, comprising:

services for representing a resource, each service coupled to a decentralized operating system is an autonomous entity that exchanges one or more messages with a service coupled to a disparate decentralized operating system that resides in a different trust domain with a different security policy based in part on a protocol specified by the service, the service including a designation primitive (see col. 5 lines 64-col. 6 lines 37, multiple RASA implemented on separate computers exchange messages to bind and unbind resources),

a behavioral primitive that comprises a unilateral contract, and a communication primitive (see col. 5 lines 64-col. 6 lines 37, RASP establishes a communication session that provides acceptable protocol and acceptable order in which services may be invoked); and

the decentralized operating system for orchestrating the services executing on the computer system so as to control and coordinate resources, such that the services representing the resource perform computations on a plurality of computers linked by communication network (see col. 6 lines 17-47, col. 2 lines 38-65 and col. 1 lines 35-51);

wherein a memory coupled to a processor that retains the decentralized operating system (see fig. 5 and col. 5 lines 64-col. 6 lines 6).

As to claim 2, Combs teaches the computer system of claim 1, wherein the computer system includes a microcomputer, a personal digital assistant, a cellular phone, or a display (see col. 2 lines 5-15).

As to claim 3, Combs teaches the computer system of claim 1, wherein the designation primitive includes a port identifiable by an identifier that includes a uniform resource identifier (see col. 7 lines 64-col. 8 lines 2).

As to claim 4, Combs teaches the computer system of claim 3, wherein the port is endued with a behavior type as specified by a unilateral contract (see col. 7 lines 57-col. 8 lines 2).

As to claim 5, Combs teaches the computer system of claim 1, wherein a unilateral contract of the behavioral primitive defines a protocol for exchanging messages in a particular order with a service to whom the unilateral contract belongs (see col. 4 lines 15-39).

As to claim 6, Combs teaches the computer system of claim 5, wherein the communication primitive includes a set of message types usable in the messages exchanged among services so as to call a service to perform a certain task (see col. 4 lines 15-39).

As to claim 7, Combs teaches the computer system of claim 6, wherein the decentralized operating system separates the control information from the data information in the messages when the messages are exchanged (see col. 5 lines 50-63).

As to claim 8, Combs teaches the computer system of claim 1, wherein services include services (see col. 5 lines 1-27).

As to claims 27 and 35, Combs teaches a method implemented on a computer system, comprising:

assigning a first unique name to a first service upon request, the first service including a first unilateral contract for expressing the behaviors of the first service; and

distributing a message to the first service using the unique name, the message being sent by a second service having a second unique name, the second service including a second unilateral contract for expressing the behaviors of the second service (see col. 5 lines 64-col. 6 lines 37 and col. 11 lines 1-67, RASP establishes a communication session that provides acceptable protocol and acceptable order in which services may be invoked).

As to claims 28 and 36, Combs teaches the method of claim 27, further comprising loading a network manager and other services according to instructions written in a customizable, tag-based language (see col. 7 lines 1-20).

As to claims 29 and 37, Combs teaches the method of claim 28, further comprising spawning a service to listen for incoming messages for the first service that has been assigned the first unique name (see col. 5 lines 64-col. 6 lines 37, RASP establishes a communication session that provides acceptable protocol and acceptable order in which services may be invoked).

As to claims 30 and 38, Combs teaches the method of claim 29, further comprising rejecting the message without distributing the message if a structure of the

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message fails to comply with a protocol for exchanging structured and type information of messages written in a customizable, tag-based language (see col. 7 lines 1-20).

As to claims 31 and 39, Combs teaches the method of claim 30, further comprising forwarding the message to the first service without routing the message through the network manager if the first service and the second service runs on a computer system (see col. 5 lines 64-col. 6 lines 37, RASP establishes a communication session that provides acceptable protocol and acceptable order in which services may be invoked).

As to claims 32 and 40, Combs teaches the method of claim 30, further comprising forwarding the message to the first service by routing the message through the network manager if the first service runs on a first computer system whereas the second service runs on a second computer system (see col. 13 lines 5-64).

As to claim 33, Combs teaches the method of claim 32, wherein the act of forwarding including transmitting data information separately from transmitting control information (see col. 5 lines 64-col. 6 lines 37, RASP establishes a communication session that provides acceptable protocol and acceptable order in which services may be invoked).

As to claim 34, Combs teaches the method of claim 33, wherein the act of transmitting includes transmitting data information in accordance with transmitted control information (see col. 5 lines 64-col. 6 lines 37, RASP establishes a

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communication session that provides acceptable protocol and acceptable order in which services may be invoked).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

6. Claims 9-13 and 16-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Combs in view of Baskey et al., U.S. Patent No. 7,089,294 (referred to hereafter as Baskey).

As to claim 9, Combs teaches a networked system for networking computer systems, comprising:

a first decentralized operating system executing on a computer system (see col. 5 lines 64-col. 6 lines 37, RASP establishes a communication session that provides acceptable protocol and acceptable order in which services may be invoked), which includes:

a first distributing operating system for designating uniform resource identifiers for a first set of services and distributing messages among the first set of services, each service including a unilateral contract, the unilateral contract expressing behaviors of the service (see col. 6 lines 17-47, col. 2 lines 38-65 and col. 1 lines 35-51);

a second distributing operating system for designating uniform resource identifiers for a second set of services and distributing messages among the second set of services, each service including a unilateral contract, the unilateral contract expressing behaviors of the service (see col. 11 lines 20-50).

Combs does not explicitly teach that the operating system is a kernel based operating system. However, Baskey teaches a system and method including allocating resources to a plurality of clients using kernel (see col. 4 lines 13-36).

It would have been obvious for one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use kernel in the operating system of Combs because doing so would allow the server that received the request to allocate resources based in the application level information and provides the assigned type of service classification to the communication process.

As to claim 10, Combs teaches the networked system of claim 9, wherein services includes device drivers for devices (see col. 5 lines 54-col. 6 lines 16).

As to claim 11, Combs teaches the networked system of claim 9, further comprising a process operating system for communicating messages as processes among services (see col. 5 lines 54-col. 6 lines 16 and col. 7 lines 1-20).

As to claim 12, Combs teaches the networked system of claim 10, further comprising an operating system operating system for managing memory, controlling devices, maintaining time and date, and allocating system resources (see col. 7 lines 1-37).

As to claim 13, Combs teaches the networked system of claim 9, further comprising a network coupled to the first computer system, the network is selected from a group consisting of high bandwidth, low latency systems; high bandwidth, high latency systems; low bandwidth, high latency systems; and low bandwidth, low latency systems (see col. 1 lines 14-30).

As to claim 16, Combs teaches the networked system of claim 14, wherein a service from the second set of services registers with the first distributing operating system to obtain a uniform resource identifier (see col. 7 lines 64-col. 8 lines 2).

As to claim 17, Combs teaches the networked system of claim 14, wherein the first distributing operating system distributes a message to a service from a first set of service, the message being sent by a service from a second set of services (see col. 11 lines 35-51).

As to claim 18, Combs teaches the networked system of claim 14, wherein the first decentralized operating system orchestrates a composition of a service from a first set of services and a service from a second set of services (see col. 11 lines 35-51).

As to claim 19, Combs teaches a computer system, comprising:

a decentralized operating system that includes a distributing operating system, comprising:

a URI manager for managing names, each name constituting a unique designation of a service at the computer system so that the service can be discovered;

each service coupled to a decentralized operating system is an autonomous entity that exchanges one or more messages with a service coupled to a disparate decentralized operating system that resides in a different trust domain with a different security policy based in part on a protocol specified by the service, the service including a designation primitive (see col. 5 lines 64-col. 6 lines 37, multiple RASA implemented on separate computers exchange messages to bind and unbind resources) and a message dispatcher for forwarding messages among services, each service being identifiable by a name managed by the URI manager, each service being associated with a unilateral contract (see col. 5 lines 64-col. 6 lines 37,, col. 11 lines 19-51 RASP establishes a communication session that provides acceptable protocol and acceptable order in which services may be invoked).

Combs does not explicitly teach that the operating system is a kernel based operating system. However, Baskey teaches a system and method including allocating resources to a plurality of clients using kernel (see col. 4 lines 13-36).

It would have been obvious for one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use kernel in the operating system of Combs because doing so would allow the server that received the request to allocate resources based in the application level information and provides the assigned type of service classification to the communication process.

As to claim 20, Combs teaches the computer system of claim 19, wherein the distributing operating system further comprises a security manager for controlling

authentication and authorization of rights and restrictions among services (see col. 5 lines 64-col. 6 lines 37).

As to claim 21, Combs teaches the computer system of claim 19, wherein the distributing operating system further comprises a service loader for executing a sequence of instructions for loading components and services, the service loader being capable of dynamically loading or unloading services during the operation of the decentralized operating system (see col. 5 lines 64-col. 6 lines 37, RASP establishes a communication session that provides acceptable protocol and acceptable order in which services may be invoked).

As to claim 22, Combs teaches the computer system of claim 19, wherein the URI manager receives a register message from a service to obtain a unique designation and assigns the unique designation to the service, the URI manager being capable of receiving an unregister message for removing an assigned unique designation from a registry (see col. 11 lines 34-67).

As to claim 23, Combs teaches the computer system of claim 19, wherein the message dispatcher forwards a message from a first service to a second service if the first service has a first uniform resource identifier assigned by the URI manager and the second service has a second uniform resource identifier assigned by the URI manager (see col. 11 lines 34-67).

As to claim 24, neither Combs not Baskey teaches the messages use SOAP.

Official notice is taken that it would have been obvious for one of the ordinary skill in the

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art at the time of the invention to sue SOAP because doing so would make the system more efficient and compatible with other systems by running HTML and XML.

As to claim 25, Combs teaches the computer system of claim 19, further comprising a network manager for distributing messages forwarded by the message dispatcher to another computer system (see col. 11 lines 34-67).

As to claim 26, Combs teaches the computer system of claim 25, wherein the network manager comprises a serializer/deserializer, a transmission protocol processor, and a control/data plane separator (see col. 11 lines 34-67 and fig. 14).

- **4.** Applicant's arguments have been fully considered but are moot in view of the new grounds of rejection.
- 5. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

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the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to HUSSEIN A. EL CHANTI whose telephone number is (571)272-3999. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ario Etienne can be reached on (571)272-4001. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Hussein Elchanti

August 25, 2008

/Ario Etienne/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2157